



CAPF AC PYQ

(SUBJECT WISE)

(Institute for Defence exam)

SUBJECT : HISTORY

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15. Consider the following observations about the largest stupa at Sanchi :

1. Going by information available from the inscriptions on the railings of the stupa, the construction of part of one of its gateways was financed by the Guild of Ivory workers.
2. In its original early form, this stupa was plain except for the stone railings and the gateways, which were richly carved.
3. The panels on the four gateways contain sculptures only in the front and have no sculptures on the rear side.
4. In 1918, when the stupa was discovered, all of its four gates were intact but the mound was in poor condition.
5. Art historians have established clear connections between the sculptures of the stupa with events described in Jataka Tales.
6. War scenes have also been depicted in these sculptures.

Which of the observations given above are correct ?

- (a) 1, 2, 3 and 4 only
- (b) 2, 3, 4 and 5 only
- (c) 3, 4, 5 and 6 only
- (d) 1, 2, 5 and 6 only



56. Which one of the following commissions was **not** associated with public services in India ?

- (a) Aitchison Commission
- (b) Islington Commission
- (c) Lee Commission
- (d) Radhakrishnan Commission

16. Which of the following pairs are correctly matched ?

(Inscription / Event)	(Time Period)
1. Prayag Prashasti by Harishena	: 4 th century CE
2. Chinese traveller Fa Xian's Account	: 6 th century CE
3. Mudrarakshasa of Vishakhadatta	: 5 th century CE

4. Harshacharita of Banabhatta : 6th century CE
5. Aihole Prashasti of Ravikirti : 7th century CE
6. Kavirajamarga of Amoghavarsha : 8th century CE

Select the correct answer using the code given below :

- (a) 1, 2 and 3 only
- (b) 2, 3 and 4 only
- (c) 4, 5 and 6 only
- (d) 1, 3 and 5 only



17. Which one of the following statements is correct ?

- (a) Brahmi, used for writing many Ashokan inscriptions, shows local variations.
- (b) The system of hieroglyphic writing was developed in ancient Mesopotamia.
- (c) The system of cuneiform writing developed around 3rd millennium BCE in Egypt.
- (d) An ancient script, Kharoshthi was widely used in the southern part of India.

18. Which one of the following activities was **not** a part of the daily time-table for a King as prescribed in *Arthashastra* ?

- (a) Receive reports on defense
- (b) Visit the town incognito
- (c) Receive revenue in cash
- (d) Consult his Council of Ministers

57. Who among the following was known as 'Lokhitwadi' ?

- (a) Keshub Chandra Sen
- (b) Gopal Hari Deshmukh
- (c) M.G. Ranade
- (d) Gopal Ganesh Agarkar



58. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer using the code given below the Lists :

<i>List-I</i> (Harappan Site)	<i>List-II</i> (Location)
A. Nageshwar	1. Uttar Pradesh
B. Alamgirpur	2. Rajasthan
C. Kalibangan	3. Saurashtra
D. Rakhigarhi	4. Haryana

Code :

	A	B	C	D
(a)	3	1	2	4
(b)	4	2	1	3
(c)	4	1	2	3
(d)	3	2	1	4

59. Which one of the following pairs of books and their authors is **not** correctly matched ?

- (a) *Bandi Jiwan* : Sachindranath Sanyal
 (b) *The Philosophy of the Bomb* : Bhagwati Charan Vohra
 (c) *Indian Unrest* : Annie Besant
 (d) *Desher Katha* : Sakharam Ganesh Deuskar

60. Which of the following is/are important markers for the archaeologists to identify an archaeological site as a 'center of craft production' ?

1. Evidence of raw materials such as stone nodules, whole shells, etc.
2. Geographical expanse of the site
3. Evidence of unfinished objects, rejects and waste material
4. Evidence of variety of pottery

Select the correct answer using the code given below :

- (a) 1 only
 (b) 1 and 3 only
 (c) 2 and 4 only
 (d) 3 only



87. Which one among the following statements with reference to the 'Neolithic Period' is **not** correct ?

- (a) The characteristic features of the period included ground and polished stone tools, agriculture, animal domestication and pottery.
 (b) This period is also known as the 'New Stone Age'.
 (c) The characteristic features appeared almost at the same time in various parts of the subcontinent.
 (d) Earliest evidence of agriculture is found from Mehrgarh around 8000 BCE.

88. Which one of the following is **not** a pottery type ?

- (a) OCP
 (b) CCE
 (c) NBP
 (d) BRW



89. Which one of the following political centers finds a mention in Ashokan inscriptions ?

- (a) Indraprastha
 (b) Kaushambi
 (c) Suvarnagiri
 (d) Kandahar

90. Which one of the following statements with reference to the ancient Indian coins is **not** correct ?

- (a) The Indo-Greeks issued the first coins bearing the name and images of rulers.
 (b) The Kushanas issued the first gold coins.
 (c) The Kushana gold coins were different in weight from the coins issued by contemporary Roman emperors.
 (d) These Kushana gold coins have been found from several sites in north India and central Asia.

91. Consider the following statements about the practice of Vedic sacrifices :

1. The shrauta (Vedic sacrifices) involved the use of three fires — the garhapatya (householder's fire), ahavaniya (offeratorial fire) and dakshinagni (southern fire).
2. These fires were supposed to be placed in pits of different shapes, i.e., the garhapatya to be square, ahavaniya to be round and that of the dakshinagni, rectangle-shaped.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct ?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

104. Consider the following statements with reference to Jainism :

1. Vardhamana Mahavira attained Kaivalyajnana outside the town of Jrimbhikagrama, on the banks of river Rijupalika and in the field of a householder named Samaga.
2. The state when the Karma particles actually begin to flow towards the Jiva to bind it is known as Asrava.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct ?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2



105. Consider the following pairs with reference to textiles in Southern India :

(Tax)	(Meaning)
1. Panjupeeli	: on cotton yarn
2. Nulayam	: on cotton thread
3. Tari kadamai	: on silk clothes
4. Sella	: on silk thread

Which of the pairs given above is/are correct ?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2, 3 and 4 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

106. Which one of the following animals does *not* come under the category of four noble animals (*Maha-Ajaneya Pasu*) carved on the round drum (*Anda-Phalaka*) of the lion capital at Sarnath ?

- (a) Deer
- (b) Lion
- (c) Bull
- (d) Horse



107. The ruler Vindhyashakti during the period preceding the Gupta Age is associated with which one of the following dynasties ?

- (a) Vakatakas
- (b) Chalukyas
- (c) Kalachuris
- (d) Sungas

108. The ancient Indian medical treatise for horses called *Ashvashastra* is attributed to which one of the following persons ?

- (a) Vagbhatta of the seventh century
- (b) The sage Shalihotra
- (c) Bhartrihari of the seventh century
- (d) Varahamihira of the sixth century

109. The celebrated group of poets in medieval Mathura and Vrindavana called the *Ashta-Chhapa* were the successors of which one of the following medieval Bhakti Saints ?

- (a) Kabir of Benaras
- (b) Chaitanya of Bengal
- (c) Guru Nanak of Punjab
- (d) Surdas of Braj region